Unit 2 Review

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Write each function in vertex form by completing the square. State the vertex and axis of symmetry of the graph, then graph the function. Show at least 5 points (vertex and 2 on each side). 1. $f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 8$

 $Vertex: ______ Axis of Symmetry: _______ Axis of Symmetry: ______ Axis of Symmetry: ______ Axis of Symmetry Axis of Symmetry Axis of Symmetry Axis of Symmetry Symmetry Axis of Symmetry Symmetry Axis of Symmetry Symmetr$

Determine, without graphing, whether the given quadratic function has a maximum value or a minimum value and then find that value using the vertex formula.

3. $f(x) = 2x^2 + 5x - 3$

4. $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 4x + 3$

Find the *x*- and *y*-intercepts of the graph of each quadratic function. 5. $f(x) = 6x^2 + 13x + 5$

Write a quadratic function for the parabola with the given vertex that passes through the given point.

6. Vertex (3,5); Passes through (5,-3)

7. Vertex (-2,1); Passes through (1,4)

For each problem, write an appropriate quadratic model, then use it to answer the question.

- 8. A developer wants to enclose a rectangular lot that borders a city street for parking. The developer has 864 feet of fencing and is not going to fence the side along the street.
 - a) What dimensions should the lot be in order to enclose the maximum area?
 - b) What is the maximum area that can be enclosed?

- 9. Sally is starting her own business selling glow-in-the-dark sparkly unicorn kitten lamps. The price *p* (in dollars) and the number of lamps sold, *x*, obey the demand equation $p = -\frac{1}{6}x + 60$.
 - a) Express the revenue *R* as a function of *x*. (Remember that R = xp.)
 - b) How many lamps does Sally need to sell to maximize revenue?
 - c) What is Sally's maximum revenue?
 - d) What price should Sally charge to maximize revenue?

For the polynomial function, do the following:

- a.) List each real zero and its multiplicity.
- b.) Determine whether the graph crosses or touches the *x*-axis at each *x*-intercept.
- c.) Determine the end behavior
- d.) SKETCH THE GRAPH!

10.
$$f(x) = (x+2)^3 (x-1)^2 (x+1)$$



| Zeros | Multiplicity | Touch/Cross |
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$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} f(x) =$$

11.
$$f(x) = -2x^2(x-2)(x+3)^2$$



| Zeros | Multiplicity | Touch/Cross |
|-------|--------------|-------------|
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$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \to \infty} f(x) =$$

Divide using long division. 12. $(20x^3 + 29x^2 - 16x - 8) \div (5x - 4)$

Use synthetic division to find the quotient and the remainder. Determine whether the divisor is a factor of the dividend.

13. $\frac{x^4 - 3x^3 - 2x + 6}{x - 4}$

List the potential rational zeros of the polynomial function. Do not find the zeros. 14. $f(x) = -3x^3 + 5x^2 - 4x + 12$

Find the remaining zeros of the function. Then, form a polynomial f(x), with real coefficients having the given degree and zeros. Leave your answer in factored form. 15. Degree 4; Zeros: -3, 1, and 2-i 16. Degree: 5; Zeros: 2, 3*i*, and -1+4i Find all the complex zeros of the function and write the polynomial as a product of linear factors. 17. $f(x) = 3x^3 - 11x^2 + 2x + 2$

18. $f(x) = 2x^4 + 3x^3 + 6x^2 + 12x - 8$

Find all the complex zeros of the function and write the polynomial as a product of linear factors.

19. $f(x) = x^3 + 11x^2 + 36x + 26$

Use the given zero to find the remaining zeros (REAL AND IMAGINARY) of the function. 20. $f(x) = x^4 - 2x^3 + 13x^2 - 32x - 48$; zero: 4i