Determine algebraically whether the sequence is arithmetic, geometric, or neither. If it is arithmetic, find the common difference. If it is geometric, find the common ratio.

1.
$$\{a_n\} = \{-2n^2\}$$

2. $\{a_n\} = \{\frac{2^{n-1}}{4}\}$
3. $\{a_n\} = \{3-5n\}$

Find the fifth term and the nth term of each geometric sequence.

4.
$$a_1 = 6, r = -2$$

5. $a_1 = 12, r = \frac{1}{4}$
6. $a_1 = 0, r = \pi$

Find the indicated term of each geometric sequence.

7. 7^{th} term of $1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \dots$ 8. 8^{th} term of 25, -15, 9,... 9. 9^{th} term of 3, 6, 12,...

Find the nth term of each geometric sequence.

10.
$$-4, 1, -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{16}, \dots$$
 11. $a_6 = 243, r = -3$ 12. $a_2 = 7, a_4 = 1575$



Determine whether each infinite geometric series converges or diverges. If it converges, find its sum.

18. $6+2+\frac{2}{3}+...$ 19. 8+12+18+27+... 20. $2-\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{8}-\frac{1}{32}+...$

21.
$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 8 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{k-1}$$
 22. $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(-2\right)^{k-1}$ 23. $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 10 \left(-\frac{2}{5}\right)^{k}$

Solve the problem.

- 24. A ball is dropped from a height of 30 feet. Each time it strikes the ground, it bounces up to 0.8 of the previous height.
 - a. What height will the ball bounce up to after it strikes the ground for the third time?
 - b. How high will it bounce after it strikes the ground for the nth time?
 - c. What total distance does the ball travel before it stops bouncing?

25. In an old fable, a commoner who had saved the king's life was told he could as the king for any just reward. Being a shrewd man, the commoner said, "A simple wish, sire. Place one grain of wheat on the first square of a chessboard, two grains on the second square, four grains on the third square, continuing until you have filled the board. This is all I seek." Compute the total number of grains needed to do this to see why the request, seemingly simple, could not be granted. (A chessboard has 64 squares.)